

MANOEL WEDS AMID SPLENDOR

Dethroned Ruler of Portugal
Married to Hohenzollern
Princess.

BRIDE WEARS A CROWN

Small Diamond Ornament in
Her Hair—Bridegroom
in "Frock Dress."

MANY ROYALTIES PRESENT

Royal Couple Protected by
Large Crowd of De-
tectives.

Special Cable Despatches to The Sun.
BERLIN, Sept. 4.—Manoel, ex-king of Portugal, was married here to-day to Princess Augustine Victoria, daughter of Prince William of Hohenzollern.

The religious ceremony was conducted by Cardinal Netto, formerly Archbishop of Lisbon and now an exile like Manoel. The civil function was presided over by Count Augustus zu Eulenberg, Grand Marshal of the Prussian court. There was a great gathering of persons of royal blood at the Prince and Princess at the church formed a brilliant group.

Everything passed off successfully. The town was aroused at 6 o'clock in the morning by a salute of guns. The deposed king and his Princess bride attended mass and received communion in the chapel of the palace at 7 o'clock.

The guests assembled at 10:30 in the great hall of the castle, where Count zu Eulenberg, the Kaiser's Grand Marshal, formally executed the marriage contract, for which he came especially from Berlin.

Procession to the Church.

A procession of royal personages, headed by the bride couple, then formed and walked in pairs to the church. First came Prince William, father of the bride, and Queen Mother Amelia, mother of the bridegroom. Next came Prince Ritel Friedrich, representing the Kaiser and the Grand Duchess of Baden. After them came the Prince of Wales, representing King George of England, and the Duchess of Aosta, representing the Italian royal family. Then followed the Duke and Duchess of Coburg, the Infante Carlos of Spain and the Infanta, representing the King and Queen of Spain, the Duke and Duchess of Vendome and the Duke of Montpensier, representing the Bourbon family; the Duke of Oporto, uncle of Manoel; Prince Carlos and Princess Elisabeth, Prince and Princess Henry XXIII, of Reuss, Princess Friedrich of Hohenzollern, several members of the royal Wurtemberg family and also of the Portuguese royal house.

The procession passed through a remarkable sloping tunnel, which was decked with trophies and led to the great gate of the castle. Thence the bride and bridegroom and all the others in the procession passed under an awning between the ranks of children who strewed flowers, and veterans who were covered with medals, to the Roman Catholic parish church sixty yards away.

Bride Wears a Crown.

The bride, who was pale and whose eyes were half closed, wore a gown of most silk and a veil of silver brocade. She also wore a small diamond crown, King Manoel wore regulation "frock dress," which was covered with decorations. The dresses of all the brides and bridesmaids were of the same material, slightly decollete and all wore hats. Each pair in the procession were followed by their respective suites.

When the bride and bridegroom reached the door of the church, the bride gave the Cardinal Netto, the Prince Abbot of Linsiedel and a score of Benedictine monks carrying lighted candles. The latter conducted Manoel and the princess to the altar, where the young couple knelt on faldstools. The other members of the royal party occupied pews on either side of the church. The choir meanwhile rendered Mendelssohn's wedding march. Some of the general public assembled outside the church was admitted.

Cardinal Almost Blind.

Cardinal Netto then conducted the wedding service. The bride gave the responses in a voice that was calm and clear. An attendant then brought in the two rings on a silver. The Cardinal was about to give the wrong one to the bride when Manoel corrected him. At the conclusion of the brief service the Prince Abbot of Linsiedel delivered a long address, which included a mythical description of a Christian marriage. He exhorted his bride to be a good wife. Then the Cardinal administered the pontifical benediction and the choir rendered a hymn. This concluded the services at the church.

The procession then reformed and returned to the castle, where Manoel and his bride received congratulations from all the guests. They also received deputations from various classes of citizens who presented their congratulations and wedding gifts.

All then sat down to the wedding breakfast. At its conclusion Prince William, offering a toast to his daughter, the bride, declared that the fact that he was losing her. He gave his daughter some paternal advice and said: "Henceforth you belong for all time to your husband. He is to be a true support and helpmate. Practically every member of his sorrow as in his joy, be his happiness and sunshine in the darker as in the brighter days."

Early in the afternoon the newly wedded couple automobilized to Ulm, from which place they took a train to Munich, where they will spend the first days of their honeymoon as the guests of the Princess Frederick of Hohenzollern.

Public Kept Far Away.

REMARKS. Sept. 4.—Accounts of the wedding of ex-king Manoel and Princess Augustine Victoria received here, say the public saw little of the marriage. The church and the castle were isolated by a cordon of police, while the detectives were almost as numerous as the guests. These precautions were taken at the request of ex-king Manoel, who feared that an attempt would be made on his life by Portuguese republican agents, of whom a number were said to have arrived at Sigmaringen. Practically every member of Manoel's former court, who is not in a Portuguese prison was also at Sigmaringen.

These precautions surprised the inhabitants of the little Hohenzollern principality, nearly half of whom flocked to the town and were compelled to be content with gazing at the decorations. Among the numerous telegraphic congratulations received by Manoel was one from a prominent Portuguese republican, which read: "To a man who always has been, as your Majesty has, an excellent patriot."

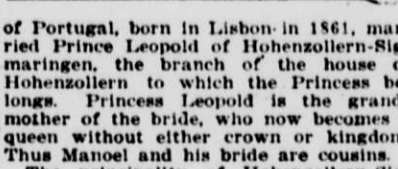
The wedding of Dom Manoel, the deposed ruler of Portugal, and Princess Augustine Victoria of Hohenzollern forged another link between these two houses. Manoel's great aunt, the Infanta Antonia

Principal Figures in Yesterday's Royal Wedding



King
Manoel.

Princess
Augustine
Victoria.



Cardinal Netto.

of Portugal, born in Lisbon in 1861, married Princess Leopold of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, the branch of the house of Hohenzollern to which the Princess belongs. Princess Leopold is the grand-mother of the bride, who now becomes a queen without either crown or kingdom. Thus Manoel and his bride are cousins. The principality of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen has played only a small part in history, but that part has been an important one. Since the formation of the German confederation the principality disappeared as a unit and became merely a name. But Prince Leopold, grandfather of Princess Augustine Victoria, was put forward in 1868 as a claimant to the throne of Spain. It was a clever coup by Bismarck and it did much to precipitate the Franco-German war, now frankly characterized by French historians as the greatest piece of stupidity that history records.

A revolution in Spain had robbed Queen Isabella of her throne and she fled to France, settling finally in Paris, where she kept up a wonderful mansion until her death in 1904.

Candidate for Spanish Throne.

The question of finding a ruler for Spain immediately became a burning one in Europe and then it was that Bismarck came forward with his candidate, Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, a mere major in the army, but a relation of the Kaiser. The French Government, which was then in power, was not in favor of the Spanish throne was that he married an Infanta of a neighboring country, Portugal, which is not a very clear claim. Prince Leopold belonged to the reigning branch of the Hohenzollern house and his elevation to the throne of Spain would have had serious results for France. French statesmen saw their nation caught between two German kingdoms as a result of the marriage and a clash between the two nations seemed inevitable.

Finally, the agitation against Prince Leopold became so strong that all Europe took a hand in it. Then came the fall of the French Government, the French Ambassador at Berlin was sent to see the Emperor for this purpose. The Emperor denied that the German Government had anything to do with the matter. He said that if his relative had proclaimed his candidacy to the throne of Spain and later seen fit to withdraw it there was nothing for him to announce. The French Government was not satisfied and demanded again some sort of explanation. Finally the Emperor refused to see the French Ambassador and France recalled him. This led eventually to the war.

Niece of Rumanian King.

Princess Augustine Victoria is also connected with the royal house of Rumania, as King Charles, better known throughout Europe as the husband of the picture queen, Queen Marie, is her uncle. The bride's father renounced his title to the Rumanian throne in favor of his brother. Thus Manoel by his marriage complicates still further the mass of royal relationships.

The fall of the House of Braganza is still too fresh in the minds of the world to be recounted here. Manoel, since his forced retirement from the direction of affairs at Lisbon, has lived quietly with his mother, Amelia, at Richmond, the fashionable suburb just outside of London. During the early part of his residence there the residents of the royal borough thought him very quiet and unassuming. He took long walks alone in Richmond park. Sometimes he was accompanied by his old tutor or by his mother. But youth soon triumphed and he was not long before he became known as one of the gayest of exiled monarchs.

Abercorn, the house which he leased in Richmond, is the property of Kaid Sir Harry McLean, who bought it in 1909 in his exile. The house is a fine example of the Sultan of Morocco. The Kaid is about to be married and he likely will now occupy the house, while Manoel moves over to Twickenham, a few miles away, where he has bought a large estate. Fulwell Park, which Manoel has taken and where he will spend his honeymoon, is the finest and largest house in Twickenham. The estate has been bought by a house in Richmond, of which he had grown so fond, but he was unable to find a house large enough. Fulwell Park, which is a low built house near London, is a Georgian style, in every sense a country house, although situated so near London. Part of it dates back to the time of James II. Extensive additions have been made and it now contains more than twenty bedrooms, four bathrooms and a suite of entertaining rooms. The house on the whole is admirably adapted for entertaining on a large scale. Fulwell Park is surrounded by fifty acres, a particularly charming estate. There are shady lawns, extensive flower gardens and peach houses, vineyards and kitchen gardens. Manoel's favorite sports are tennis and golf, and he will be able to indulge in both during a lovely river walk. In the



CHRISTOPHER MOLLER ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

Aged Retired Sugar Man Tries
to Kill Himself in a
London Hotel.

DESPONDENCY THE CAUSE

He Had Grieved Greatly Since
Death of His Daughter
in June.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Christopher Moller of 74 Wall street, New York, attempted to commit suicide at the Hotel Cecil to-day by cutting his throat with a razor. Fortunately medical assistance was immediately available and Mr. Moller, who has been despondent since the death of his favorite daughter in London in June, was removed to a private hospital. It is said to-night that strong hopes of his recovery are entertained.

Mr. Moller, who is 76 years old, has spent most of the last twenty years in London with his daughter. Her death shattered his nerves and soon afterward acute depression set in, which his brother, Charles George Moller, tried in vain to offset. The brothers had arranged to sail for New York to-morrow and it is believed that Christopher Moller was attacked with depression over the thought of leaving the city where his daughter died and in a momentary fit of despair attempted to end his life.

Dr. Gordon Holmes, a Harley street specialist, was called to attend Mr. Moller after he had cut his throat and he put a number of stitches in the wound. Mr. Moller, although very weak, recognized his brother and niece and expressed a determination to live.

Mr. Moller explained to the correspondent of The Sun that he wanted to remain in England with his brother Christopher, but Dr. Holmes assured him that the latter's recovery was certain and as he felt obliged to carry out a certain business matter he would sail for home on the steamship America to-morrow, according to the original plans. He did not disclose the nature of this business, but it is known that he has been holding conferences at the Hotel Cecil with some of the biggest officials of the British War Office.

Word came early yesterday morning to the offices of the Moller estate of the attempted suicide of Christopher Moller, son of the late Peter Moller, the sugar man. Charles A. Sherman, representative of the Moller family, said he had received only the most meagre news of the happening. He communicated with John Moller, a brother who lives at Oyster Bay, but the other members of the Moller family were not told. Charles J. Moller, Jr., who lives at Lawrence, L. I., had heard nothing, and neither had Mrs. John Moller, who was at her own house at 44 East Seventy-second street.

Christopher Moller had been very ill and despondent for the last few months over the death of his daughter, said Mr. Sherman. Charles G. Moller, Sr., who himself is nearly 80 years old, had some abroad to bring him home. They were spending a few days together in London preparatory to sailing.

Christopher Moller was for many years a resident of New York, but for the last twenty years has spent a greater portion of his time abroad. As the son of Peter Moller, the associate of Henry O. Havemeyer in the sugar business, Christopher Moller also became interested in sugar refining. Until a score or more years ago he was actively engaged in this business. With him were his brothers John Moller, and Charles G. Moller.

Mr. Moller's wife is dead, and his daughter died in London in June. His son, William Henry Moller, is now living abroad.

EXPLAIN CONDITIONS IN U. S.

American Delegates Address Trades
Union Congress.

MANCHESTER, England, Sept. 4.—The American and Canadian delegates to the Trades Union Congress here were the chief speakers at to-day's session of the conference.

Charles F. Boston, Mass., explained that there are liberals and conservatives in the United States and aroused the audience to cheers and laughter by adding that "the conservative member is, as a rule, more valuable to the labor movement." He said that the question of establishing a labor party for indorsement by any political group would not be considered seriously in the future by the American Federation of Labor.

Louis Kemper of Cincinnati, Ohio, said that the trades unionists in the United States are the next best thing to a labor party in that they obtain pledges from candidates at the elections for Congress. A Canadian delegate, P. M. Draper, was heartily cheered when he declared that the time has come for the establishment of an international labor bureau to regulate the tide of emigrants and to instruct them in regard to the real conditions in the countries to which they are going.

river trout, perch, roach, dace and eels abound, while there are also excellent facilities for boating.

Twickenham looks forward to the coming of its royal resident as it will mean a big boom for the town. When Manoel settled in Richmond a large number of exiled Portuguese nobles also took residence there and Manoel had a small court around him. All these are likely to move over to Twickenham. This town has been the residence of many notable persons.

Orleans house in 1860 was the residence of Louis Philippe, then Duke of Orleans. In 1852 it was acquired by the Duke of Aumale, who harbored some eminent French refugees. Among others Twickenham and its district have housed such famous men as Pope, Dickens, Tennyson, Horace Walpole, the Comte de Paris, Turner and Henry Fielding.

WEDDING GIFTS DELAYED.

Case Addressed to Manoel Held Up
on Lisbon Quay.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Sept. 4.—Lisbon despatch to the Daily Mail says the customs officers detained at the quay to-day a large case of wedding presents for ex-king Manoel on the ground that certain legal formalities had not been complied with. The case probably will be forwarded by the next steamer.

DUBLIN STRIKERS PLAN SUNDAY DEMONSTRATION

Attempt to Settle Difficulties
Made, but Trouble Is
Feared.

Special Cable Despatches to The Sun.

DUBLIN, Sept. 4.—The Transport Workers Union announces that a public demonstration will be held in Sackville street Sunday at which several labor members of Parliament will make speeches.

The Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has refused to order the public inquiry asked for by labor leaders into the clubbing by the police during the recent riots until order has been restored and pending the issue of legal proceedings in the police courts. He intimates that the inquiry will be ordered later.

The Sailors and Firemen's Union is urging its executive to aid the locked out workmen financially. One line of steamships between Liverpool and Dublin has suspended its sailings because of the strike.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin issued an appeal to the employers and men to-day to get together and discuss the trouble, urging that in the meantime a definite truce be agreed upon. It is certain that something must be done if industrial stagnation and general disorder are to be averted.

Nothing developed outwardly to-day, but the situation is such that anything is possible, including paralysis of the business of the port and the disaffection of the city police. The latter are angry over the public censure for their alleged unnecessary clubbing and are disgruntled because of the long extra hours which they are compelled to work and for which they receive no extra compensation, while the imported Royal Irish Constabulary are getting special pay for strike duty.

The week end is awaited with anxiety.

RELIANT. Sept. 4.—A section of the Transport Workers Union here has succeeded in forming a new union. It is alleged that they resent the tyranny of the officials of the old union.

CHARLTON TRIAL IN NOVEMBER.

Preliminary Inquiry in Case of
American Wife Mayor Is Finished.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
COMO, Sept. 4.—The preliminary inquiry in the case of Porter Charlton, the young American who killed his wife at Como three years ago and packed the body in a trunk which he threw into the lake, was concluded to-day.

The investigating magistrate handed in his report to the public prosecutor, who will now draw up an indictment.

The trial is likely to be fixed for some time in November and probably will end before Christmas.

OPERA SINGER LOSES JEWELS.

Report Mrs. Paulsen Robbed of \$5,000 Worth on Train.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Hortense Paulsen, an operatic singer, who recently returned from a concert tour in America, was robbed on a railway train to-day. It is reported, of jewelry valued at \$5,000. A reward has been offered for the gems. Mrs. Paulsen's husband, Capt. Levermore, is a close friend of Max Mayer, owner of the \$675,000 pearl necklace stolen last July while in transit from Paris to London.

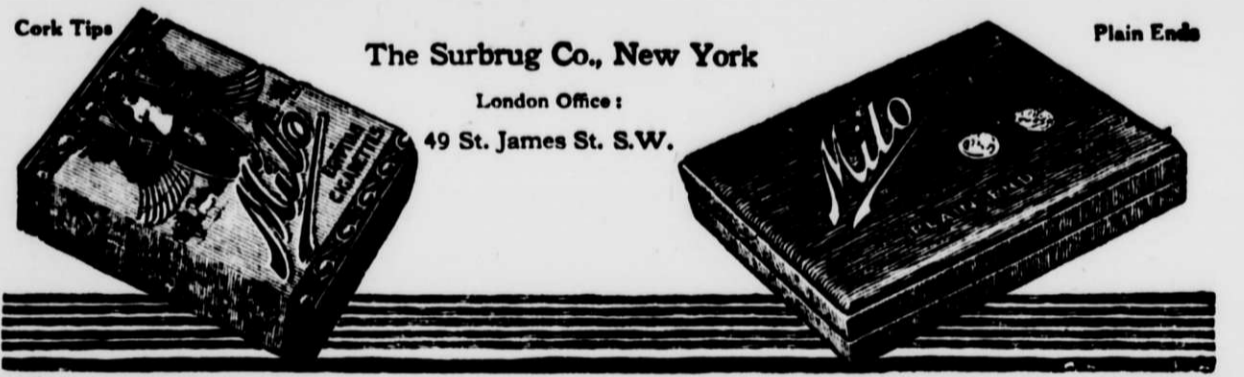
The EGYPTIAN CIGARETTE of QUALITY

Twenty-five Cents
for 25 Years

Dealers who sell Milo Cigarettes at less than 25 cents do so at a distinct loss to themselves! This loss must be made up in some way, and unfortunately it is usually made up by misleading the smokers and selling them brands of questionable merit.

Milo Cigarettes have attained their enviable position through their unusual delicacy and the mild flavor of their blend.

The retail price of the famous Milo Cigarettes is 25 cents, it always has been 25 cents, and it always will be 25 cents.



MRS. PANKHURST HERE IN OCTOBER

London Militant Organization
Announces Tour of Principal Cities.

MAY GET BIG WELCOME

Decision on Official Greetings,
However, Will Be De-
cided To-day.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, leader of England's militant suffragettes, will spend the month of October in the United States. Definite announcement of her proposed tour was made officially to-day by the Women's Social and Political Union.

Miss Joan Wickham, an organizer of the union, will sail on September 11 on the Cedric to make arrangements for Mrs. Pankhurst's stay in America.

Mrs. Pankhurst intends to devote all her American lectures to the advantages of woman suffrage in fighting the white slavery evils. She will remain in the United States one month, and her tentative itinerary includes New York, Boston, Washington, Philadelphia, Chicago, Louisville and St. Louis.

Mrs. Pankhurst, who is at present in France with her daughter, was recently released on ticket of leave from Holloway Jail, where she was serving an interrupted sentence of three years for conspiracy.

DECIDE TO-DAY ON WELCOME

New York Suffragists Divided on
Question of Militancy.

The New York suffragists were asked yesterday if they would have at the city to welcome Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English militant leader, who, it was announced, would reach this country about October 1.

Never before did a group of women succeed in saying so little while saying so much.

Mrs. John Winters Brannan, chairman of the finance committee of the Women's Political Union, was the one exception. She said right away that she was heartily glad Mrs. Pankhurst was coming.

She is indeed partly responsible for the trip, having been in frequent communication with Mrs. Pankhurst, and it was she who confirmed the cable announcement from London of the militant leader's plans.

"When Mrs. Pankhurst speaks in America, as she will in various cities in October, she will change the whole feeling here toward militancy in England," Mrs. Brannan said.

"No one can hear her without being won over by her—she who seems so feminine, so fragile and yet has endured so much. Any other woman in her place would have died, but it is her spirit, her tranquility, indomitable spirit, that keeps her."

"They call her a fugitive from justice, a 'ticket of leave' woman! Why she spoke openly in London after her license expired, and the Government dared do nothing!"

"Public sentiment is with Mrs. Pankhurst, and the Government knows it. They are not active in London now because Parliament is not in session, and they never waste ammunition. But wait till Parliament convenes!"

"We invited Mrs. Pankhurst over here for her first visit to be sure," she said, "but we don't stand for militancy in America in 1913."

DEPERDUSSIN OUT OF FRENCH AERO CLUB

M. Deutsch to Resign as Active
President—General Reor-
ganization Expected.

"GIL BLAS'S" CLEVER FAKE

Picture Shows President Poin-
care Congratulating Accused
Constructor.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
PARIS, Sept. 4.—The Aero Club committee held a three hour session to-day, but no information was obtainable as to the matters under discussion. It is known, however, that the general conclusions from the club, which the newspapers have been urging because of its management of aviation affairs, were not offered.

An official statement issued after the meeting merely mentioned the fact that M. Deperdussin, who is under arrest on charges of having perpetrated frauds amounting to \$6,000,000, resigned his membership in the club. Deperdussin was a member of the executive committee, Leon Barthou, who was defeated for the vice-presidency by a certain clique some time ago and then resigned from the organization, was re-elected a member and announced his acceptance. This is taken to mean that he will again become vice-president.

It is understood that Henry Deutsch (de la Meurthe) will resign as the active president of the club and will become the honorary president. It is possible that Leon Barthou will succeed him as president.

Gil Blas prints a clever fake picture of the grand stand at Reims, where the aviation meeting is to be held, showing President Poincare congratulating M. Deperdussin. Behind President Poincare stand all the members of the Cabinet and behind Deperdussin are lined up the rival airplane constructors. A prison van stands in the background waiting for Deperdussin. Behind President Poincare stand all the members of the Cabinet and behind Deperdussin are lined up the rival airplane constructors. A prison van stands in the background waiting for Deperdussin.

Among the invited guests present are Henri Rochette, who is charged with swindles in company promotions, "Count" Louis Hamon, alias "Chetiv", the banker who was charged with numerous swindles, and Mme. Therese Humbert, who some years ago "inherited" a hundred million francs from a rich American relative named Crawford, on the strength of which she swindled bankers and others out of many millions.

The wings of all the machines are made of Deperdussin silk, a business in which the manufacturer alleged that he made millions. Deperdussin in thanking President Poincare says: "This day has fully recompensed me for a life devoted to vol," which in French means theft as well as flight.

Edison Keeps on Auto Trip.

LOWELL, Mass., Sept. 4.—Thomas A. Edison, who arrived here from Boston last night, went to-day by automobile to Lake Success, N. H. He has recovered from his cold.

POPULAR ONE-DAY
OUTINGS

Lake Hopatcong

Next Sunday Sept. 7th

Next Sunday Sept. 7th

Next Sunday Sept. 7th

Next Sunday Sept. 7th

Next Sunday Sept. 7th

Next Sunday Sept. 7th

Next Sunday Sept. 7th